

4.10 – Writing Quadratic Functions

We will be writing quadratic functions that will fit one of the three (3) following forms:

Standard Form $y = ax^2 + bx + c$

Vertex Form $y = a(x - h)^2 + k$

Intercept Form $y = a(x - p)(x - q)$

Example 1 Write a quadratic function in vertex form that passes through the point (3, 2), and has a vertex at (1, -2). $y = a(x - h)^2 + k \rightarrow y = a(x - 1)^2 - 2$

$$2 = a(3 - 1)^2 - 2$$

$$2 = a(2^2) - 2$$

$$2 = 4a - 2$$

$$4 = 4a$$

$$a = 1$$

$$\boxed{y = (x - 1)^2 - 2}$$

Example 2 Write a quadratic function in intercept form that passes through the points (-1, 0), (3, 2), and (4, 0). $y = a(x - p)(x - q)$ ① x-intercepts -1, 4 pt (3, 2)

$$y = a(x + 1)(x - 4)$$

$$2 = a(3 + 1)(3 - 4)$$

$$2 = a(4)(-1)$$

$$2 = -4a$$

$$a = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\boxed{y = -\frac{1}{2}(x + 1)(x - 4)}$$

Example 3 Write a quadratic function in standard form that passes through the points $(-1, -3)$, $(0, -4)$, and $(2, 6)$. $y = ax^2 + bx + c$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} (-1, -3) & (0, -4) & (2, 6) \\ -3 = a(-1)^2 + b(-1) + c & -4 = a(0)^2 + b(0) + c & 6 = a(2)^2 + b(2) + c \\ -3 = a - b + c & \boxed{c = -4} & 6 = 4a + 2b + c \\ -3 = a - b - 4 & & 6 = 4a + 2b - 4 \\ \textcircled{2} \quad a - b = 1 & \rightarrow a - b = 1 & \textcircled{1} \quad 4a + 2b = 10 \\ & 4a + 2b = 10 & \\ a = b + 1 & \leftarrow & \text{solve system} \\ 4(b+1) + 2b = 10 & & \\ 4b + 4 + 2b = 10 & & \\ 6b = 6 & & \\ \boxed{b = 1} & & \\ a = b + 1 & & \\ a = 1 + 1 & & \\ \boxed{a = 2} & & \\ \boxed{y = 2x^2 + x - 4} & & \end{array}$$

HW: (6-10), (20-22), (32)

WRITING IN VERTEX FORM Write a quadratic function in vertex form whose graph has the given vertex and passes through the given point.

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| 6. vertex: $(-4, 1)$ point: $(-2, 5)$ | 7. vertex: $(1, 6)$ point: $(-1, 2)$ | 8. vertex: $(5, -4)$ point: $(1, 20)$ |
| 9. vertex: $(-3, 3)$ point: $(1, -1)$ | 10. vertex: $(5, 0)$ point: $(2, -27)$ | 11. vertex: $(-4, -2)$ point: $(0, 30)$ |
| 12. vertex: $(2, 1)$ point: $(4, -2)$ | 13. vertex: $(-1, -4)$ point: $(2, -1)$ | 14. vertex: $(3, 5)$ point: $(7, -3)$ |

WRITING IN INTERCEPT FORM Write a quadratic function in intercept form whose graph has the given x -intercepts and passes through the given point.

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|---|---|--|
| 20. x -intercepts: 2, 5 point: $(4, -2)$ | 21. x -intercepts: -3, 0 point: $(2, 10)$ | 22. x -intercepts: -1, 4 point: $(2, 4)$ |
| 23. x -intercepts: 3, 7 point: $(6, -9)$ | 24. x -intercepts: -5, -1 point: $(-7, -24)$ | 25. x -intercepts: -6, 3 point: $(0, -9)$ |

WRITING IN STANDARD FORM Write a quadratic function in standard form for the parabola that passes through the given points.

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|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 31. $(-4, -3), (0, -2), (1, 7)$ | 32. $(-2, -4), (0, -10), (3, -7)$ | 33. $(-2, 4), (0, 5), (1, -11)$ |
| 34. $(-1, -1), (1, 11), (3, 7)$ | 35. $(-1, 9), (1, 1), (3, 17)$ | 36. $(-6, -1), (-3, -4), (3, 8)$ |
| 37. $(-2, -13), (2, 3), (4, 5)$ | 38. $(-6, 29), (-4, 12), (2, -3)$ | 39. $(-3, -2), (3, 10), (6, -2)$ |